Year 4 3

Strive 4 Primary RE Knowledge Organiser for

The Unit: Where, how and why do people worship?

Key Knowledge

Christianity

- Christian beliefs, teachings and practices can be expressed in different ways, e.g. using signs and symbols through art, music, architecture and actions.
- Different Christian **denominations** worship in different ways; including the celebration of the **Last's Supper/ Holy Communion/ Eucharist**.

Judaism

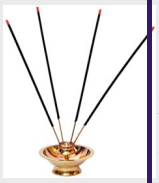
- The synagogue is important to Jewish people the **Sefer Torah** is kept here. It is covered and treated with the utmost respect.
- The Sefer Torah is used and read from in **weekly and annual reading cycles** in the synagogue.
- The special **brachot** (blessings), **modeh ani** (the morning prayer, giving thanks for a new day) and **shema,** are said everyday by Jews.

Hinduism

- **Puja** means prayer and Hindus pray both in the mandir and at home both are equally valued.
- The **Aarti ceremony** is an important prayer and usually dedicated to one of **deities.**
- The puja tray consists of, a **bell**, **kum kum powder,** i**ncense stick**, **incense stick holder**, **diva lamp, water container** and a **spoon.**
- **Prashad** is offered and shared **after puja**.
- The **mandir** can be a **temple** or a **small shine** in the home.
- Hindus will take a **pilgrimage** to the **Ganges.**

Vocabulary

Christianity	Picture	Definition
Last Supper		The final meal that Jesus shared with his twelve disciples before his crucifixion.
Eucharist ***(you-kuh-rist)***		The Christian service commemorating the Last Supper, in which bread and wine consumed.
St Bernadette of Lourdes		She was best known as a saint who received visions from Mary in a cave near Lourdes.
Judaism	**Picture**	**Definition**
Sefer Torah *(sef-er)*		Handwritten scroll of the Torah.
Hinduism	**Picture**	**Definition**
Bell		Hindu worshippers ring the bell to let God know that they are ready to worship.
Kum Kum Powder		When mixed with water, this powder makes a red paste. Hindu worshippers use it to mark their foreheads as a sign of respect to the Gods. They also mark the foreheads of the gods on their shrine.

Diva Lamp		The lamp is lit as a symbol of God's presence
Prashad *(pra-shad)*		Blessed food, is eaten once the worship has finished, usually fruit.
Ganges		A holy river in India.
Incense Sticks and holder		The incense burns and gives off a pleasant aroma, which purifies the air around the shrine.

Other Unit Vocabulary	Definition
Architecture	Designing and constructing buildings.
Denominations	Is a subgroup within a religion.
Shrine	Place regarded as holy
Scroll	Roll of paper with writing on.